## CONCRETE PAD GUIDELINES

- Thickness of concrete $=4$ " for courts up to 1000 sq ft and 5 " thick for larger courts
- Use Fiber Mesh or steel rebar
- $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Saw Cuts = every 10'
- Slope $=1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ to a maximum of 1 " over 10'. Large courts should be sloped length wise from the centre out towards either end, however, existing grade of the land may determine slope.
- Surface Finish = Float or broom... rough finish (we do not want a smooth finish)
- Edge Finish = Straight and Finished surface needs to be free of "bird bath puddles"
- All corners of concrete pad must be squared. This is very important!
- Depth of sub-base below concrete to be determined by local contractor based on local conditions


## ASPHALT PAD GUIDELINES

- Minimum thickness = 3" compacted to 2 "
- Slope $=1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ to a maximum of 1 " over 10'. Large courts should be sloped length wise from the centre out towards either end, however, existing grade of the land may determine slope.
- Finished surface needs rough (HL5 is good) and free of "bird bath puddles" (we do not want a smooth surface).
- All corners of asphalt pad should be squared as best possible
- Depth of sub-base below asphalt to be determined by local contractor based on local conditions


## Court Components

If any Court Component (basketball goal, multi-sport net etc...) is located inside the pad, pier units, anchors and/or ground sleeves must be in place prior to pouring cement or laying asphalt.

If Court Components are located outside the pad, a minimum 2' x 2' area is required for pier unit, anchor and/or ground sleeve installation.

Pier units, anchors and ground sleeves should be installed a minimum of 2 days prior installing the components themselves

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